





TRANSMISSION

How will the transmission system facilitate our net zero ambitions?

All-Energy & Dcarbonise

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Our speakers





nationalgrid

Nicola Todd

- Head of Strategy and Innovation
- National Grid Electricity
 Transmission







- Head of System Planning and Investment
- SSEN Transmission





Stephanie Anderson

- Head of Regulation
- SP Energy Networks

Who we are and what we do

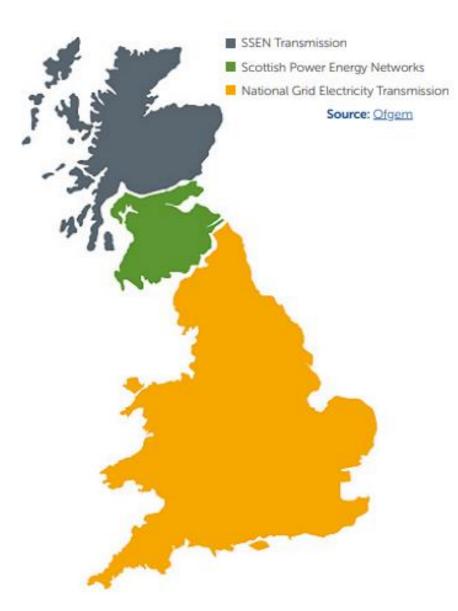


Responsible for the planning, design, construction and maintenance of the electricity transmission system

Critical role to play in transition to net zero, connecting and transporting power from generation source, to areas of demand

Operate under fixed price control period, regulated by Ofgem - current RIIO-T2 period runs from April 2021 to March 2026

Work with National Grid Electricity System Operator (ESO) to plan the network 10 years in advance to meet forecast changes in generation and demand



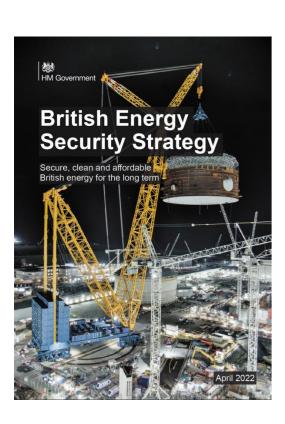
Delivering net zero and home-grown, energy independence











Net Zero by 2050 across the UK

Decarbonised electricity system by 2035

50GW offshore wind by 2030

Up to 24GW of new nuclear, alongside other low carbon technologies

British Energy Security Strategy

Net Zero by 2045 in Scotland

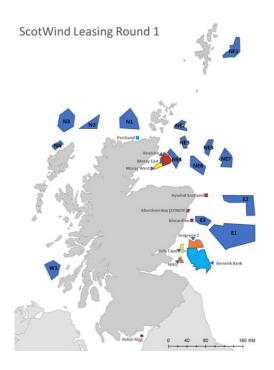
78% emissions reduction by 2030

11GW offshore wind by 2030

Potential 8GW-12GW new onshore wind by 2030

ScotWind ambition 25GW

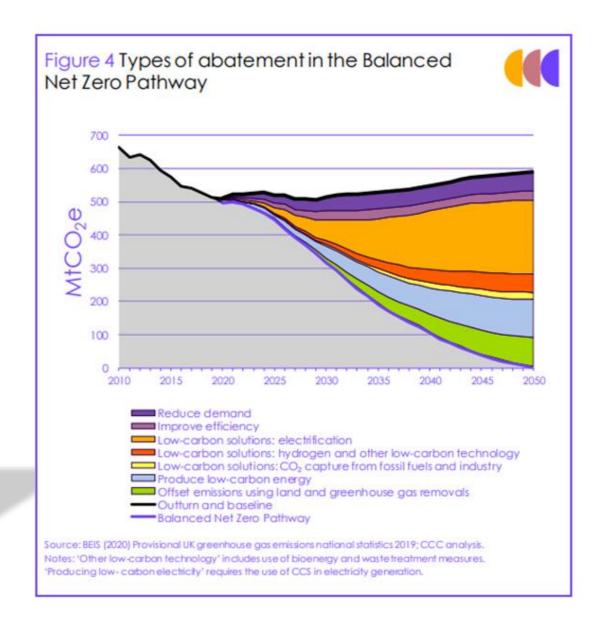




Electrification key contributor to net zero delivery

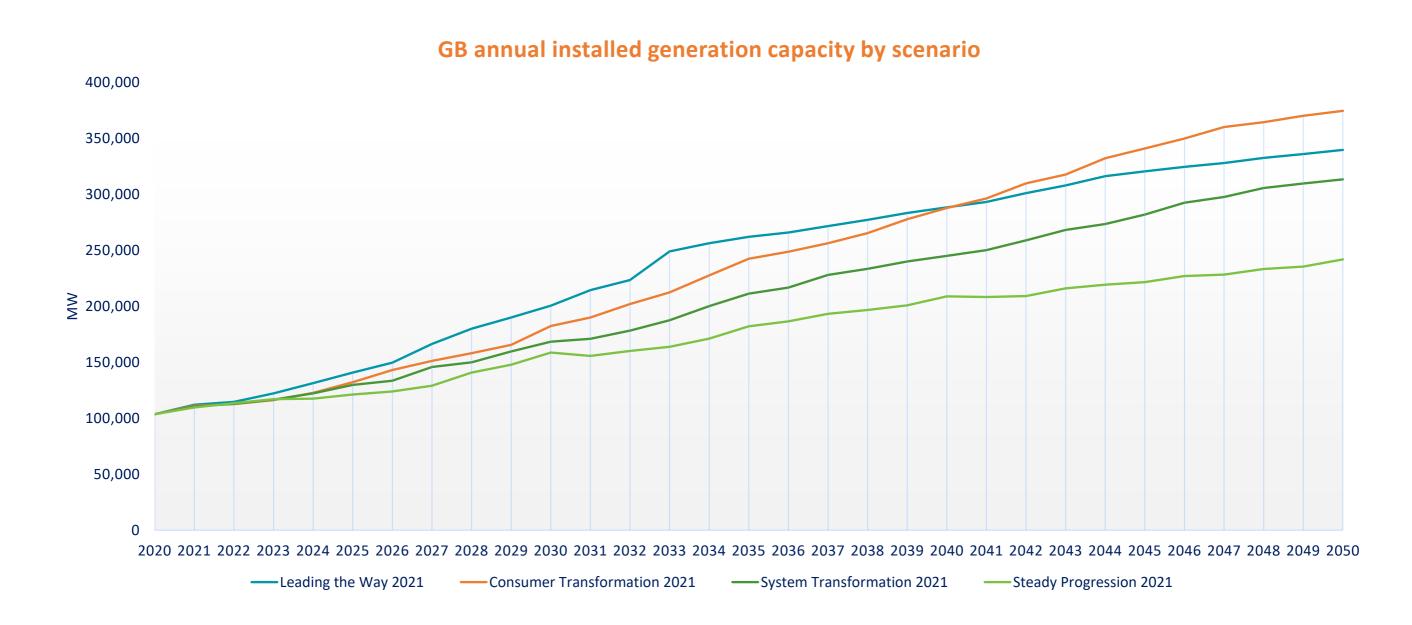






Forecast growth in renewables to deliver net zero





Transmission boundary constraints





Forecast growth in renewables driving need for major reinforcements

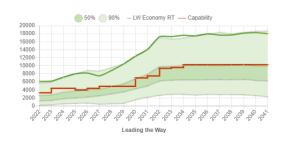
Mid-Scotland (B4) Boundary

Significant growth in renewables driving need for reinforcement

8-13 GW transfer

requirement by 2030 between north of Scotland and south Scotland (existing transfer capability is 'only' 3.2GW), and up to

18GW by 2040.



England-Scotland (B6) Boundary

Significant growth in renewables driving need for reinforcement

15-23 GW transfer

requirement by 2030 between Scotland and England (existing transfer capability is 'only' 6.6GW), and up to

30GW by 2040.

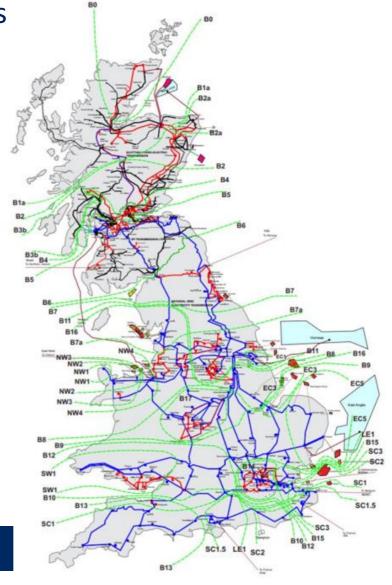


East Anglia (EC5) Boundary

Offshore wind along East Coast of England and new nuclear driving need for reinforcement

12GW offshore wind to connect by 2030 with growth beyond 2030 to deliver net zero outcomes.





Leading the Way Future Energy Scenario most closely aligned to net zero

Coordinated investments to address boundary constraints and deliver FES





Reinforcements key to enable necessary growth in renewables and transport power to demand centres

Major reinforcements to transfer power north to south

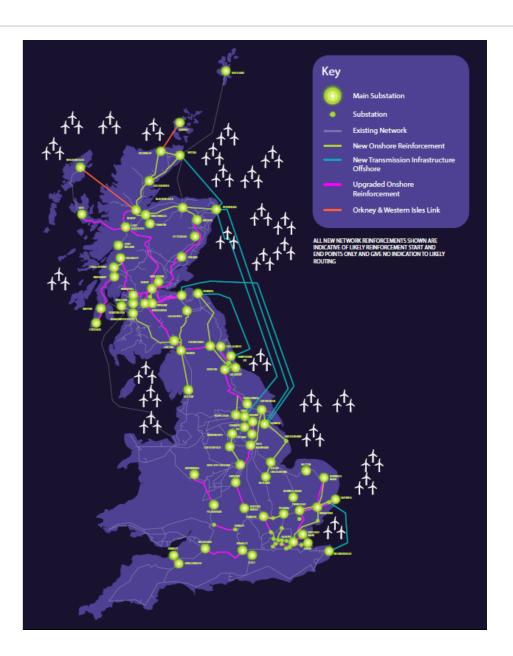
- Multiple offshore HVDC links between Scotland and England, and within the England and Wales System
- Major strategic onshore reinforcements to manage flows across boundary's

Major works in England, onshore and offshore

- North of England, East Anglia and Midlands key areas of focus to enable north-south power flows
- Emerging need to connect Celtic Sea offshore wind

Strategic reinforcements are key to deliver 2030 and 2035 targets

'No regret' investments, required under all credible net zero scenarios



To deliver the BESS and wider Government policy ambitions:





1

LOCK IN STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS

Networks Options Assessment, Holistic Network Design and Centralised
 Strategic Network Plan investments need to be locked in for delivery, with agile
 and accelerated regulatory approvals as GB-wide package of works

2

CERTAINTY OF DELIVERY

 Delivery model certainty required to secure supply chain, avoid delays and provide certainty to stakeholders and communities

3

PLANNING REFORMS

 Streamlined consenting to align investment programmes with required delivery dates and accelerated regulatory approvals

